Time: 2 ½ Hours

MARKS: 75 N.B.:- (1) All questions are compulsory with Internal Options (2) Figures to the right indicate total marks to the question Q.1) A) Multiple Choice Questions: (Any Eight) 1) Free trade found in (a) Capitalist (b) Socialist (c) Mixed _ Environment deals with energy. 2) (a) Natural (b) Socio-Cultural (c) Ecological 3) WTO came into effect (b) 1995 (a) 1994 (c) 1996 4) NAFTA has _ __members. (a) 3 (b) 4 (c) 5 5) International trade is subject to competition. (c) No effect (a) Intense (b) Easy 6) Trade dispute Act (b) 1929 (a) 1928 (c) 1930 7) As of 2017, the World's largest exporting countries in terms of dollars are (b) U.S.A (a) China (c) Germany 8) APEC is consist of _ member nations. (a) 19 (b) 12 (c) 21 is issued when goods are sent by Air. (b) Airway bill (a) Bills of Lading (c) Shipping bill 10) In ______ terms of shipment, the importer has very little risk. (a) FOB (b) Ex-Works (c) CIF (B) State whether the following is True or False: (Any Seven) **(7)** 1) Earning of gold and silver is not the main motive for countries to trade with each other. 2) Adam smith's book THE WEALTH OF NATIONS was published in the year 1776. 3) A multinational corporation only has service motive. 4) There is no time lag between countries in the adoption and diffusion technologies. 5) A Social class band includes factor such as wealthy, middle and lower classes. 6) MGD stands for Millennium Development Grants 7) Patents shall be available for any inventions. 8) Products are complex combinations of tangible and intangible elements. 9) To Order B/L is issued to the order of a specified person. 10) Culture is one of the most important factors affecting HRM practices. (A) What is international business? What is its importance? **(8) (B)** What are the effects of globalization in Indian Economy? **(7)** (C) What do you mean by Multinational Corporation? Explain its features. **(8) (D)** What are the factors considered under Socio-Cultural environment? **(7)**

Page 1 of 2

Q.3)	(A) What is the purpose and fur	nction of World Bank?	(8)
	(B) Explain the objectives of Eu	uropean Union (EU).	(7)
	(C) What are features of Interna	ntional Marketing?	(8)
	(D) What are the types of Dump	ping?	(7)
Q.4)	(A) What are the determinants of	of market selection? Explain in brief.	(8)
		ated to expatriation and repatriation.	(7)
	(C) What are the documents fo		(8)
	(D) Calculate the minimum Free Ex-factory Cost Packing Charges Transportation Profit	e on Board (FOB) price for an exporter: Rs.1, 50,000 Rs.3, 000 Rs.2, 000 10% of FOB Cost	(7)
	Duty Drawback Conversion Rate	5% of FOB Price 1\$= Rs.45	
Q.5)	(A) Briefly describe the process	of export documentation.	(8)
	(B) Explain the major steps in I	SO 14001 certification.	(7)
		OR STATE OF STATE	
ST S	(C) Write short notes on: (Any 1) Town of Export Exce 2) International Product 3) Bill of Entry 4) GATS 5) Deemed Exports	llence	(15)
OF.		******	

25818 Page **2** of **2**

Time:2.30hrs Marks:75

- 1. All Questions are compulsory.
- 2. Figures to the right indicate marks

Q1. A. State whether the following statements are true or false: (any eight) (8)

- 1. HR managers need to think of themselves as strategic partners.
- 2. Job evaluation is the process of determining the specific tasks and responsibilities to be carried out by each member of the organization and/or teams.
- 3. Safety measures are activities and precautions taken to improve safety.
- 4. A task is work or activity carried out for specific purpose.
- 5. Job Specification is recorded statement of the activities of the job holder.
- 6. Human resource planning is a one-time process.
- 7. 360-feedback is a multidimensional performance appraisal method.
- 8. Recruitment and selection are the same.
- 9. HRM is not multi-disciplinary concept.
- 10. The welfare measures need not be in monetary terms only but in any kind.

Q1. B. Match the columns: (any seven)

6,1)

Group A	Group B
1. Aptitude test	a) Age
2. Cultural training	b) Relative worth
3. Personal characteristics	c) Fringe benefits
4. Remuneration	d) Job title
5. Job description	e) Managing cross cultural difference
6. Job evaluation	f) Campus recruitment
7. Self-managing teams	g) Selection test
8. External source of recruitment	h) Participative management
9. MBO	i) On the Job
10. Understudy	j) Peter Drucker

Q 2. a) Define HRM. What are the functions of HRM?	(0)
b) What is job analysis? Explain the methods of job analysis.	(7)
OR OR	
Q 2. c) Explain the factors that affect Job design?	(8)

d) Explain how the work of human resource manager has changed in the new global

business environment. (7)

Q 3. a) What are the different sources of external recruitment?	(8)
b) Define Human Resource Planning. Explain process of HRP.	(7)
OR	
Q 3. c) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of Promotion by seniority.	(8)
d) What do you mean by interview? Explain the different types of interview.	(7)
Q 4. a) Define Training. What are off the job training methods?	(8)
b) Distinguish between training and development.	(7)
OR	
Q 4. c) Explain limitations in performance appraisal.	(8)
d) Discuss the use of performance appraisal for an organisation.	(7)
Q 5. a) Explain various methods and techniques of participation.	(8)
b) What are objectives of wage and salary administration?	(7)
OR OR	
Q 5. c) Write short note: (any three)	(15)
1. HRM policies	95
2. Job evaluation	
3. Need of HRP	
4. Modern methods of Performance appraisal	
S 5 VRS	

Durat	ion: 2½ Ho	urs			Marks: 75	A.	
N.B. 1) All questi	ions are co	mpulsory			6	
) Figures t						
) rigures t	o me rigni	mulcate	un marks.	5)		A C
							(a) (b)
1 (A)	Multiple c	hoice Oues	tion (An	, g)			8 Marks
1. (11)	with the c	noice Ques	(AII,	, 0)			OWATES
1)	Holding pe	eriod Retur	n=	X 100			
,	01		Investn				
	a) Profit b)) Total retu	rns c) Sale	price d) P	urchase price		
2)					s addition to _		
	a) Capital	stock b) l	Future inco	ome c) ra	te of return d	l. risk	
3)							er Returns with
		isks is call		E S			
				receive c	Risk Neutral	d Active	
4)	a. ixis				decline in pric		
.,	a) Bull			Stag	d) Deer	20 .0	29
5)					npanies are ca	alled as	
			7				lack chip shares
	a. Dide cin	ip shares	b. Red em	p shares	c. Green emp	shares d. D.	ack chip shares
6)	Beta is typ	e of					
(0,0)	a Portfoli		. Systemat	ic risk - c	. Unsystemati	c risk det	otal risk
7)							te information
	a) Weak				ng d) Bear		£2
8)	, 10k				the risk invol	ved in a port	folio.
					fication; c) Di		
(9)	Current Ra					20 20	
5	a) Liability	b) Cur	rent Liabil	ity c) Li	quid Liability	d) Quick	liability
10)) Technical	Analysis w	as develop	ed by			
	a. Willian	n Sharpe	b. Charle	s Dow	c. Treynor	d. Marko	witz
6							
BY.		_ \$2	200				
	ve True or		-		. F		7 Marks
	Diversifica						
					ating a securit		
	Æ/7				rent ratio and	-	
4)			* * (\)			nanciai marke	ets are inefficient.
5)	Business r Jenson me				ISK.		
,					e of the comp	onv	
7					the existing m	•	A.C.
		<u> </u>			e fixed operati		25.
	Time is im				e naed operad	ing cost.	
10,) Time is in	iportant rac	tor for my	estilient.			
	2						
02	(A) Explain	concept of	investme) it &its cha	racteristics		8 Marks
200	(B) Explain	-					7 Marks
		N		0			
26750				Dogo 1	of 2		

5BB7BA672A1F3C9B9070A2C8CC7074D2

Q2. (C) The rate of return of stock of SAM ltd and CAM ltd under different State of economy are given below:

15 Marks

	Probability	Returns of	Returns of
	a C	SAM LTD %	CAM LTD %
Boom	0.33	6	9
Normal	0.33	18	N 12
Recession	0.34	15	19

(a) Calculate the expected return and standard deviation of return on both the stock.

12 Marks

(b) If you could invest in either stock, but not in both, which stock would you prefer?

3 Marks

Q3) Following information is available relating to LG Limited and PG limited

15 Marks

Particulars A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	LG Limited	PG limited
Equity Share Capital (Rs.10 face value)	Rs.400 lakhs	Rs.500 lakhs
Reserves & Surplus	Rs 30 lakhs	Rs 50 lakhs
12 % Preference Shares	Rs.160 lakhs	Rs 200 lakhs
10% Debentures	Rs 100 lakhs	Rs 150 lakhs
Profit after tax	Rs.100 lakhs	Rs 140 lakhs
Proposed Dividend	Rs.70 lakhs	Rs.80 lakhs
Market Price Per Share	Rs.400	Rs.560
Current Assets	Rs.160lakhs	Rs.180lakhs
Quick assets	Rs 110 lakhs	Rs 130 lakhs
Current Liabilities	Rs.80 lakhs	Rs.90 lakhs

Calculate:

(i) Earnings per share (ii) P/E Ratio (iii) Dividend Payout Ratio (iv) Return on Equity Shares (v) Current Ratio ,(vi) Quick ratio ,(vii) Debt-equity ratio (viii) Which company is good in investing.

<u>OR</u>

Q3) a) Explain different types of charts

8 Marks

b) Explain the Efficient Market Hypothesis.

7 Marks

Q4) a) The details of three portfolios are given below.

8 Marks

Portfolio	Average Returns (%)	Beta	Standard Deviation(%)
B LTD	18	1.4	0.30
K LTD	12	0.9	0.35
Market Index	<u>14</u>	1.0	0.25

Compare the portfolios B ltd and K ltd on performance using Sharpe, Treynor and Jenson measures and rank the portfolios. Risk Free return is 8 %.

26750 Page 2 of 3

b) A Government of India bond of Rs.1,100 each has a coupon rate of 9% p.a. and maturity period is 7 years. If the current market price is Rs.1020. Find YTM.

7 Marks

OR

Q4) a) Explain various Investment Avenues.

8 Marks

b) What are the different types of risks.

7 Marks

Q5) a). Calculate of Beta

8 Marks

Year	Sachi Ltd	Mar Mar	ket Return
1	18	3 15	
2	16	17	
3	13	15	
4	14	16	
5	√17 ×	18	

b) Calculate the operating leverage, financial leverage and combined leverage from the following data

7 Marks

Particulars	Xion LTD	Yion LTD
Output (in units)	2,00,000	1,00,000
Sales (per unit (Rs.)	3.00	2.50
Variable cost per unit (Rs)	1.00	1.50
Fixed cost (Rs)	Rs 1,60,000	Rs 70,000
Interest (Rs)	Rs 40,000	Rs 20,000
Income tax	30%	30%

OR

5. Give short notes on: (Any three)

15 Marks

- 1. Dow Theory
- 2. Arbitrage Pricing Theory
- 3. Difference between Fundamental Analysis and technical analysis
- 4. Difference between Investment and Speculation
- 5. Types of investors

,		[Time:2.30 Hrs [Marks:75]
]		
		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.
		N.B: 1. All question are compulsory.2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
		3. Students answering in the regional language should refer in case of doubt to
		main text of the paper in English.
1	A	Multiple Choice Question (Any Eight) 8
	1	Acquiring andgood people is critical to the success of every organization.
		a) Maintaining
		b) Promoting
		c) Terminating
		d) Developing
	2	HRM activity of updating the quality of manpower avoids managerial
		a) Control
		b) Skill
		c) obsolescence
		d) Quality
	3	Job design refers to the way a set of tasks or an entire job is
		a) Organised
		b) Semi Organised
		c) Unorganised
		d) Vertical
	4	Movement of an employee from one job to another is called as
		a) Job Enlargement
		b) Job Enrichment
		c) Work Simplification
		d) Job Rotation

Paper / Subject Code: 85504 / Human Resource Management

5 sim	In ıltaı	Form of an interview several candidates are interviewed or evaluated neously.
	a)	Group Interviews
	b)	Unstructured Interviews
	c)	Structured Interviews
	d)	Discussion Interviews
6 resp	ons:	refers to advancement of an employee to a higher post carrying greater ibilities, higher status and better salary.
	a)	Manpower inventory
	b)	Promotion
	c)	Human Resource Planning
	d)	Transfer S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
7	100 m	is more specific job related information
	a)	Development
	b)	Training
	c)	Case study
	d)	Management institutions
8		is the systematic description of an employee's job relevant strengths &
wea	10	
	a)	Performance Appraisal
		Performance Feedback
	c)	Job Evaluation
	d)	Executive Development
9 num	In ber	wage system workers are paid according to the amount of work done or the of units produced
	a)	Slice
	b)	Piece
	c)	Definite
	d),	Classic

Paper / Subject Code: 85504 / Human Resource Management

10		Incentive plans are broadly classified into incentive plans and group incentive plans.	
	a)	Individual	
	b)	Dominant State of the state of	
	c)	Factory	
	d)	External	
1	В	State whether the following statements are True or False (Any Seven)	7
	1	The factor comparison method is used for job analysis.	
	2	Job analysis helps in performance oppraisal.	
	3	Organization that lacks a corporate plan have SHRM.	
	4	HR managers need to think of themselves as strategic partner.	
	5	Recruitment & Selection are the same.	
	6	Promotion serves as an incentive to employees.	
	7	In training the Supervisor can concentrate on more important activities such as planning and controlling.	
	8	Off the job training is to improve knowledge about latest development.	
	9	Piecework is an incentive plan based on the number of units produced.	
	10	Job satisfaction is not an element of the work situation that affects incentives.	
2	a)	Explain the scenario of HRM in the global context.	8
	b)	Explain the scope of human resource management. or	7
	c)	Explain the structure of Human Resource department in detail along with diagram.	8
	d)	Explain the scope and objectives of human resource management in brief.	7
3	a)	Explain Job Analysis and its importance.	8
	b)	Define Job design and explain the various techniques of Job design.	7
		OR CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY	
	c)	Define Job Evaluation and Explain its objectives.	8
	d)	Explain the term Job description along with the information contained in it.	7

Paper / Subject Code: 85504 / Human Resource Management

4	a)	Define Recruitment. What are the different sources of external recruitment.	8
	b)	Explain On-the-Job training methods.	7
		OR OR	
	c)	What is Human Resource Planning? Explain the steps involved in the Human Resource Planning Process.	8
	d)	Define training Explain the benefits of training to the organization.	7
5	a)	Briefly enumerate the factors affecting wages and salaries.	8
	b)	What are the advantages of incentive plans?	7
		OR OR	
	c)	Write short notes (Any 3)	15
	1)	Guidelines for personnel manual	
	2)	Direct observation method	
	3)	Objectives of transfer	
	4)	Training process	
	5)	Incentives	

[Time: 2hrs 30 mins] [Marks:75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper

NB: 1. All question are compulsory.

2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1.	a b	Explain the need for Central Banking. State the important functions of Central Bank	8 7
		OR OR	
Q1.	c d	What do you mean by Autonomy-Explain the factor affecting the Autonomy of RBI Explain the changing role of Monetary Policy in an Open Economy.	8 7
Q2.	a b	Explain the organizational structure of RBI. State the various Departments of Reserve Bank . Explain the important provisions of Banking Regulation Act. OR	8 7
Q2.	c d	What are the Financial Sector Reforms in Banking Industry. Explain recent developments with reference to RBI.	8 7
Q3.	a b	Define Monetary Policy. Explain the instruments of Monetary Policy. What is Credit. Explain the advantages of Credit. OR	8 7
Q3.	c d	Enumerate the various transmission channels of Monetary Policy. Why budgets are important for the Government? Explain role of union Budget in the Economic development of India.	8 7
Q4.	a b	Explain the Constituents of Indian Financial markets and their Regulation. What is Financial Stability? What are the reasons for financial Instability in an economy? OR	8 7
Q4.	c d	Explain the Evolution of Bank Regulation and Supervision. What is Prudential Norms? What are the various measure adopted by the Reserve Bank of India and Government of India to tackle the problem of NPA's.	8 7
Q5.	1. 2. 3. 4.	Write short note on (Any three) Objective of Central Bank. Foreign Exchange Management Act. NABARD. Limitations of Credit Creation of by Bank.	15
E.	5.	BASEL NORMS.	

Total Marks: 75 Time: 2Hrs. 30 Mins.

Instructions: (a) All questions are compulsory subject to internal choice.
(b) Figure to the right indicates marks.

Q.	.1a) Select the most appro	opriate option	to complete t	he follov	ving sentences (Any	Eight) 08
	1) Appointment of first					
	a) 40	b) 50	c) 60	d) 30		
	2) The Auditor has a righ		(()	5		
	a) Office meeting			meeting	d) Managers meetin	
	,		× - ×	-V	(d) Managers meetin	
	3) The Audit working pa	20	-07			
		027	c) Manager			
	4) The auditors should of audit procedures.	btain	manage	ment rep	resentations to comp	lement the
	a) oral	b) written	c) spoken	d) verl	oal 8	
	5) In Marine Insurance,	reserve for une		× %	of net premium.	
	a) 25%	b) 50%	c) 75%	d) 100	20 ^y = 20 ^y	SEPT SET
	6) IRDA regulates		0,	3		
	a) Banking	b) Auditing	c) Accountir	19.00	d) Insurance	
) \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	c) Accounting	ig /	d) insurance	
	7) Operational audit is _				777 110 11	
	a) Annual audit		67		c) Weekly audit	d) Interval audit
	8) Books of Accounts of			d for		
	a) 5 years	b) 6 years	c) 7 years		d) 8 years	
	9)approach is al	so known as au	uditing through	comput	er.	
8	a) White box	b) Black box	c) Yellow bo	x	d) Red box	
	10) There should be effective	ctive screening	done at the tin	ne of cre	dit cards	
	a) cancellation	b) issue	c) payment		d) termination	
	Q.1b) State whether th	e following sta	atements are T	True or 1	False (Any Seven)	07
	A Chartered account	ant can adverti	se in newspape	re to soli	cit professional assis	nments
	2) Auditor need to have					
	3) An insurance compar		-CO -		, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	4) An auditor can audit				per Companies Act 2	2013.
	5) Management represe	ntations serve	as an evidence	to the au	ditor.	
	6) Unqualified report is		_			
	7) Auditor is liable only					
	8) Every Insurer must k	= AD-V				policyholders.
	9) Books of accounts of	· '7				
	10) Company cannot pay	dividends wit	nout providing	tull dep	reciation.	

Paper / Subject Code: 85503 / Auditing - II

Q 2 a) What are the duties of company auditor?	08
Q.2 b) Distinguish between Audit certificate and Audit Report.	07
OR ST ST ST	
Q.2 c) What are the different types of liabilities of company auditor?	08
Q.2 d) Explain the provisions relating to the appointment of the company auditor.	07
Q.3 a) How would the auditor verify items appearing in the financial statements of an	
Insurance company? i) Premium ii) Claims	08
Q.3 b) What is LFAR? Explain its significance.	07
OR A STORE OR A STORE OF THE ST	
Q.3 c) How would an auditor evaluate internal control system of a bank?	08
Q.3.d) Explain the applicable provisions for audit of accounts in Insurance company.	07
Q.4 a) What are the features of an effective Computerised Audit Program.	08
Q.4 b) Write note on Environment Audit.	07
BOR BOR	
Q.4 c) What are the approaches to audit in CIS Environment?	08
Q.4 d) What is Forensic Audit? Explain the scope and the use of Forensic Audit.	07
Q. 5 a) Discuss the various instances of professional misconduct indicated in Part II and	
Part III of First Schedule of Chartered Accountant Act 1949.	08
Q.5 b) what do you mean by professional ethics? Explain the objectives of code of ethics.	07
OR ST	
Q.5) Write short notes on the following (Any THREE)	15
i. Status of company auditor	10
ii. AS - 17	
iii. Social Audit	
iv. Branch Audit	
v. Classification of Non-Performing Assets of banks	

23943 Page 2 of 2

Time: 2.30 min.				- E	75 Marks
Notes All avections one on					
Note: All questions are co Figures to the right	-				
rigules to the right	i muicate marks.				
Q.1 (a) Fill in the blanks	with the appropr	riate choices gi	ven belo	w (Anv 8)	(08)
1. It is the organisation					
and co-ordination i	in their work.		00 ^T	The state of the s	
a. Structure	b. Plan	c. Policy		d. Practice	
		40			
2. In PESTLE, P stan		-6		7	
a. Primary	b. Political	c. Privatizatio	on 8	d. Public	
2 A	agen will be an inc	noveter and con	oogily f	age the right of con	nnatition
3. A cor a. Growing	b. Disappearing		l easily is	d. Fading	ipention.
a. Growing	o. Disappearing	c. Talling		d. Tading	
4. Mother Dairy has a	added 'Curd and L	assi' to its rang	e of mill	c products, this is	an example of
	. 3	3, 4,		5. 8	y
a. Horizontal Integ	ration b. Vertica	al Integration	c. Congle	omerate Integratio	n d. Related
Diversification					
5. Industrial Sickness	contribute to the	cost	t econom	N E	
a. High	b. Medium	c. Average		d. Low	
	2 2			2 ×	
6. As per the principl	es of TQM, Morta	r of the TQM s	tructure	includes	
a. Ethics	b. Recognition	c. Training	200	d. Communicati	on
7. The process of elir		A/ = (AY =			<u>S</u> .
a. TQM	b. BPR	c. Restructu	ıring	d. None of the	ese
			. 6	. 87. 89	
	sed on routine invo				•
a. Restructuring	b. Downsizing	c. Turnarot	ina man	agement d. TQN	1
9. means	eliminating anythi	no that is unnec	ressary f	or the equipment t	to work properly
a. Seiso	b. Shitsuke	c. Seiton	0.4	Seiri Seiri	o work properly
				(T)	
10 style of	decision making o	ean also be term	ned as 'A	autocratic Style'.	
a. Analytical	b. Conceptual	c. Directiv	ve (d. Behavioural	
Q.1 (b) State whether the				(Any 7)	(07)
1. External consultan	\77			11	1 6 4 1
2. The process of conbenchmarking.	nparing operations	with that of the	e direct c	competitors is calle	ed as functional
3. Business undertaking.	ngs are free from r	isk and uncerta	inty		
4. The idea of SBU is	Y-		•	ents	
5. Forward integration					
6. Spinoff is another v		_		1 1	
7. An appropriate pro-			industry	•	
8. Commitment on the	e part of the manag	gement is option	nal for th	e rehabilitation of	a sick unit.
9. Insolvency follows	7///	8			
10. Communication flo	ow in BPR is botto	m-up approach	l .		
		cp :			(00)
Q.2 (a) Define Business. I				lobolization	(08)
(b) Define Globalizati	ion. Explain variot	as problems rela OR	ated to g	iodanzation.	(07)
(c) What do you mear	hy survival & ore		Explain t	he growth strategi	es of 21st
Century.	1.5, sarvivar & gro	, ar saucey: 1	zapiani t	510 wan snategi	(15)
A S S					()

Paper / Subject Code: 85505 / Turnaround Management

Q.3 (a) Define Industrial Sickness. Explain the stages of industrial sickness in detail.	(08)
(b) Explain various internal reasons leading to industrial sickness.	(07)
OR S	
(c) Explain various remedial measures that can be undertaken to overcome industrial sickness	ss in ar
organisation. Also explain the role of BIFR in industrial sickness.	(15)
Q.4 (a) What is BPR? How BPR is different from other business philosophies?	(08)
(b) Define BPR? Explain some pitfalls which makes the best of re-engineering efforts fail.	(07)
OR OR OF STATE	O
(c) Define Outsourcing? Explain various reasons for outsourcing.	(08)
(d) What is freelancing? Explain the merits of freelancing.	(07)
Q.5 (a) What are the skills required by the managers to effectively undertake turnaround strategy	y? (08)
(b) What are the most important areas that the company must focus on during turnaround?	(07)
OR E OR	
(c) Write Short notes on (Any 3)	(15)
1. Different ways of diversification.	
2. Process Mapping	
3. Indicators of successful turnaround.	
4. Benefits of using external consultant in BPR.	
5. 5S Principles.	